

SAFETY DATA SHEET

AKPEROX C45

COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name AKPEROX C45
Chemical name Cumyl Hydroperoxide

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Industrial use.
Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier AKPA KİMYA AMBALAJ SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ
Yenibosna Merkez Mah. Ladin Sok.
No:36/70 Kat:12 34197 Townofis Bahçelievler, İstanbul, TÜRKİYE
Web: www.akpakimya.com
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Contact person Export Department - export@akpakimya.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone AKPA Kimya : +90 212 580 55 59

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Org. Perox. F - H242
Health hazards Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318
STOT RE 2 - H373
Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



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Signal Word	Danger	
Hazard statements	H242	Heating may cause a fire.
	H302	Harmful if swallowed
	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H331	Toxic if inhaled.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surface, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.- No smoking.
	P220	Keep away from acids, alkalis, heavy metal compounds, oxidising material, combustible materials.
	P234	Keep only in original container.
	P261	Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
	P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
	P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P304+P340	IF INHALED : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
	P321	Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions this label/document).
	P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
	P391	Collect spillage.
	P410	Protect from sunlight.
	P411+P235	Store at temperature not exceeding 30°C. Keep cool.
	P420	Store away from other materials.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.		
Contains	α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide; cumene hydroperoxide	

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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3.2. Mixtures

α,α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide; cumene hydroperoxide		%45-47	
CAS Number	80-15-9	EC Number	201-254-7
Classification		Specific concentration limits	
Org. Perox. E	H242	Skin Corr. 1B; H314: C \geq 10 %	
Acute Tox. 3	H331	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 1 % \leq C < 3 %	
Acute Tox. 4	H302	Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 3 % \leq C < 10 %	
Acute Tox. 4	H312	STOT SE 3; H335: C < 10 %	
Skin Corr. 1B	H314	Eye Dam. 1; H318: 3 % \leq C < 10 %	
STOT RE 2	H373		
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411		

Metilasetoasetat		%53-55	
CAS Numarası	105-45-3	EC Numarası	203-299-8
Classification			
Eye Irrit. 2	H319		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Move out of dangerous areas. Show this Safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Do not leave the victim unattended. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later. Call a physician immediately.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen

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tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Skin contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing. Unconsciousness. Vapors may irritate the respiratory system. Frequent inhalation of vapors over a long period of time increases the risk of developing lung diseases.

Ingestion May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing Media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Fire-water run-off in sewers may create fire hazard. This product is toxic. Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the product, may be corrosive.

Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous decomposition products are not known.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. May cause or intensify fire; oxidiser. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency

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decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid or minimise the creation of any environmental contamination.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Use only non-sparking tools. Provide adequate ventilation. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to the other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Store away from other materials. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers

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upright. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent. Store at temperatures between -30°C and 40°C.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredients	CAS No.	Value	Control Parameters	Basis
α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	80-15-9	TWA	1 ppm	US WEEL

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term exposure	6 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Fresh water	0.0031 mg/l
	Marine water	0.00031 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.023 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.0023 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0029 mg/kg
	Sewage treatment plant	0.35 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.031 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment

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Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Wear suitable mask. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use.

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and is 'CE'- marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14 387 and EN143. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear Liquid
Colour	Max. 100 Pt-Co/APHA
Odour	Pungent
Melting point	No data available.
Flash point	No data available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable
Density	1,04 ± 0,005gr/cm ³ (20°C)
Viscosity	5 mPa.s (20°C)

9.2. Other information

Active Oxygen Content	4,73- 4,94%
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	Not available
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Reducing agents. Flammable/combustible materials. Hydrocarbons. Organic cyanides (nitriles). Esters. Some metals. Keep away from amine and cobalt accelerators, acids, alkalis and heavy metal compounds, combustible materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) No data available.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) No data available.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Animal Data Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Skin sensitization May cause skin sensitization or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity:

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Genotoxicity - In Vitro - In Vivo	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity:	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure:	
STOT - Single exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure:	
STOT - Repeated exposure	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration Hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Difficulty in breathing. Unconsciousness.
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemicalburns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation. Redness. Blistering may occur.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients

α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide

Acute oral toxicity	LD50 Oral (Rat): 382 mg/kg	
Acute inhalation toxicity	Acute toxicity estimate: 2.01 mg/l	Exposure time: 4h
Acute dermal toxicity	Acute toxicity estimate: 1,100 mg/kg	

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SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity No data available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

α,α -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide

Toxicity to fish LC50, 96h (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.9 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and EC50, 48h (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 18 mg/l

other aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae EC50, 72h (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 1.6 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No data available.

12.3. Bio accumulative potential

Bio accumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is partly miscible with water and may spread in the aquatic environment.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

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Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Containers should be thoroughly emptied before disposal because of the risk of a fire. Do not cut or weld used containers unless they have been thoroughly cleaned internally.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General information For limited quantity packaging/limited load information, consult the relevant modal documentation using the data shown in this section.

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	3109
UN No. (IMDG)	3109
UN No. (ICAO)	3109
UN No. (ADN)	3109
UN No. (IATA)	3109

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping name (ADR/RID) ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE)

Proper Shipping name (IMDG) ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE)

Proper Shipping name (ICAO) ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE)

Proper Shipping name (ADN) ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE)

Proper Shipping name (IATA) ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	5.2
ADR/RID label	5.2
IMDG class	5.2

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ICAO class/division 5.2

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

Always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

EmS	F-J, S-R
ADR transport category	2
Emergency Action Code	2W
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	539
Tunnel restriction code	(D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL Not Applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations

Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
 The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
 The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

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Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Key literature references and sources for data

This SDS is prepared based on the information received from the product owner.

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008

Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT RE 2 – H373 Aquatic Chronic 2 – H411: Calculation method.

Training advice

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments

The SDS is generated in accordance with the 1907/2006 REACH and 1272/2008 CLP regulations.

Issued By

Simge ARIK
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Issued Date

01.02.2018

Revision date

31.05.2019

Revision

1.0

Hazard statements in full

H242 Heating may cause a fire.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

AKPAORGANIC PEROXIDES, INITIATORS
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- H331 Toxic if inhaled
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.